- 1 1. (Original) A process for preparation of cefditoren or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, the process comprising:
- a) reacting a compound of Formula IX with a compound of Formula X
 wherein Z is selected from Formulae Xa, Xb, Xc and Xd and R_c is selected
 from trityl (triphenylmethyl), acetyl, benzhydryl or acetamidophenyl, R is
 C₁ to C₇ straight or branched chain alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or C₆ to C₁₀ aryl
 or aralkyl, R₁ is C₁₋₆ straight or branched chain alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl,
 aralkyl or a heterocycle residue,
 - b) isolating cefditoren or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof from reaction mass, and
 - c) optionally converting cefditoren or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a pharmaceutically acceptable ester of cefditoren.

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FORMULA IX

Formula X

wherein Z is Compound of Formula Xa or Xb or Xc or Xd

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Formula Xa

Formula Xb

Formula Xc

Formula Xd

1 2. (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the compound of Formula IX comprises less than 2% of E-isomer.

- 1 3. (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the compound of Formula X has Z = Xa.
- 1 4. (Original) The process according to claim 3, wherein Formula X is S-(1,3-
- 2 benzothiazol-2-yl)-(2-amino-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)(methoxyimino)ethanethioate.
- 1 5. (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein step a) is carried out in presence of an organic solvent.
- 1 6. (Original) The process according to claim 5, wherein the organic solvent is
- 2 selected from the group consisting of chlorinated hydrocarbon such as methylene
- 3 chloride, chloroform, ethylene chloride or ethylene bromide; ethers such as
- 4 tetrahydrofuran and diethyl ether; ketones such as acetone, methyl isobutyl ketone
- and methyl ethyl ketone; alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, isopropanol
- and butanol or mixtures thereof optionally containing water.
- 7. (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein a base is used in step a).
- 1 8. (Original) The process according to claim 7, wherein the base is an inorganic base or an organic base.
- 1 9. (Original) The process according to claim 8, wherein the inorganic base is selected
- from the group consisting of sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, calcium
- 3 hydroxide, magnesium hydroxide, aluminium hydroxide, sodium hydride,
- 4 potassium hydride, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or
- 5 potassium bicarbonate.
- 1 10. (Original) The process according to claim 8, wherein the organic base is selected
- 2 from the group consisting of an organic salt or an organic ammonium compound.
- 1 11. (Original) The process according to claim 10, wherein an organic salt is selected
- 2 from sodium methoxide, potassium t-butoxide or sodium ethoxide.
- 1 12. (Original) The process according to claim 10, wherein an organic ammonium
- 2 compound is selected from triethylamine, dicyclohexylamine or diphenylamine.

- 1 13. (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein in step b) a salt of cefditoren is isolated.
- 1 14. (Original) The process according to claim 13, wherein a sodium or potassium salt of cefditoren is isolated.
- 1 15. (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein salt of cefditoren is reacted with compound of Formula XI, to get cefditoren pivoxil.

$$H_3C$$
 CH_3
 O
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4 FORMULA XI

- 5 16. (Original) A crystalline hydrate of cefditoren sodium.
- 1 17. (Currently Amended) A crystalline dihydrate of The cefditoren sodium according to claim 16, wherein the cefditoren sodium comprises a dihydrate.
- 1 18. (Currently Amended) A crystalline The cefditoren sodium according to claim 16,
 2 wherein the cefditoren sodium comprises having about 5.5 to about 7.5% of water
 3 by weight.
- 1 19. (Original) A crystalline hydrate of cefditoren potassium.
- 1 20. (Currently Amended) A crystalline dihydrate of <u>The</u> cefditoren potassium 2 <u>according to claim 19, wherein the cefditoren potassium comprises a dihydrate</u>.
- 1 21. (Currently Amended) A crystalline The cefditoren potassium according to claim
 2 19, wherein the cefditoren potassium comprises having about 5.5 to 7.5% of water.
- 1 22. (Original) A process for preparation of cefditoren or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof comprising:
- a) enzymatically deacylating a compound of Formula VIII to get a compound of Formula IX,
- 5 b) reacting the compound of Formula IX with a compound of Formula X wherein Z is selected from Formulae Xa, Xb, Xc and Xd, and R_c is selected

8		C ₁ to C ₇ straight or branched chain alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or C ₆ to C ₁₀ aryl
9		or aralkyl, R ₁ is C ₁₋₆ straight or branched chain alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl,
10		aralkyl or a heterocycle residue,
11	c)	isolating cefditoren or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof from
12		reaction mass,
13	d)	optionally converting cefditoren or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt
14		thereof to a pharmaceutically acceptable ester of cefditoren.
15		
		NH S S CH ₃
16		но
17		FORMULA VIII
		H ₂ N S CH ₃
18		HO O
19		FORMULA IX
		RcHN O Z
		Formula X
20		wherein Z is Compound of Formula Xa or Xb or Xc or Xd
		OR OR

Formula Xb

Formula Xa

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Formula Xd

Formula Xc

from trityl (triphenylmethyl), acetyl, benzhydryl or acetamidophenyl, R is

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1	23.	(Original) The process according to claim 22, wherein step a) is carried out in
2		water, optionally containing an organic solvent.

- 1 24. (Original) The process according to claim 23, wherein the organic solvent can be water miscible or water immiscible.
- 1 25. (Original) The process according to claim 24, wherein the organic solvent is
- 2 selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, n-propanol, n-butanol,
- isopropanol, t-butanol, methyl formate, ethyl formate, ethyl acetate, n-butyl
- acetate, isopropyl acetate, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, diethyl ether, chloroform,
- 5 methylene chloride, ethylene chloride, carbon tetrachloride, acetone, methyl
- 6 isobutyl ketone, diisobutyl ketone, ethyl methyl ketone, methyl t-butyl ketone.
- 1 26. (Original) The process according to claim 22, wherein pH is maintained between about 5 to about 8 during step a).
- 1 27. (Original) The process according to claim 26, wherein the pH is maintained by using a base.
- 1 28. (Original) The process according to claim 27, wherein the base is selected from the
- 2 group consisting of sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, sodium hydroxide,
- 3 potassium hydroxide, potassium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate or water soluble
- 4 ammonium compounds such as ammonium hydroxide or triethylamine.
- 1 29. (Original) The process according to claim 22, wherein step a) is carried out using
- 2 an enzyme belonging to the class of penicillin acylases or penicillin amidases.
- 1 30. (Original) The process according to claim 29, wherein the enzyme is penicillin G amidase.
- 1 31. (Original) The process according to claim 30, wherein the enzyme is used in immobilized form.
- 1 32. (Original) A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula IX,
- 2 comprising:
- a) treating a compound of Formula II with an alkali or alkaline earth metal halide and a phosphorous-containing compound P(YR)_n, wherein Y is

5		absent or oxygen or sulphur, n is an integer 2, 3 or 4 and R is selected from
6		C_1 to C_7 straight or branched chain alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or C_6 to C_{10} aryl
7		or aralkyl, in organic solvent, optionally containing water, at a temperature
8		of about -10 to about 50°C to produce a compound of Formula IV,
9	b)	converting the compound of Formula IV to an ylide of Formula V by
10		reacting with a base,
11	c)	reacting the ylide of Formula V with 4-methylthiazole-5-carboxaldehyde of
12		Formula VI in a mixture of organic solvent at a temperature of about -50 to
13		about 10°C to produce a compound of Formula VII,
14	d)	deprotecting the carboxyl functionality of the compound of Formula VII
15		using phenol or its ether to produce a compound of Formula VIII, and
16	e)	enzymatically deacylating the compound of Formula VIII to produce a
17		compound of Formula IX.
18 19		FORMULA II NH S P [†] (R)nX-
20		ROOO
21		
22		FORMULA IV
		NH S P(R)n
23		ROOO
24		FORMULA V

OHC 26 FORMULA VI 27 28 FORMULA VII 29 30 FORMULA VIII 31 H₂N HO' 32 FORMULA IX 33 (Original) The process according to claim 32, wherein the process is carried out 33. 1 without isolating any intermediate. 2 (Original) A process for preparation of cefditoren or pharmaceutically acceptable 34. 1 salt or ester thereof comprising: 2 converting a compound of Formula II to a compound of Formula IX, a) 3 through intermediates IV, V, VII and VIII with a proviso that the reaction 4 sequence is carried out without isolating any intermediate, 5 reacting the compound of Formula IX with a compound of Formula X b) 6

wherein Z is selected from Xa, Xb, Xc and Xd, and Rc is selected from

Formulae Xa, Xb, Xc and Xd and Rc is selected from trityl

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9		(triphenylmethyl), acetyl, benzhydryl or acetamidophenyl, R is C_1 to C_7
10		straight or branched chain alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or C6 to C10 aryl or
11		aralkyl, R1 is C1-6 straight or branched chain alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl
12		or a heterocycle residue,
13		c) isolating cefditoren or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof from
14		reaction mass, and
15		d) optionally converting cefditoren or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
16		thereof to a pharmaceutically acceptable ester of cefditoren.
1	35.	(Original) Z-isomer of cefditoren pivoxil having less than 2% of corresponding E-
2		isomer.
1	36.	(Original) Z-isomer of cefditoren pivoxil having less than 2% of corresponding E-
2		isomer, wherein the Z-isomer is isolated from reaction mass without any
3		purification.
1	37.	(Currently Amended) The Z-isomer of 7-ATCA according to claim 36 having less
2		than 1% of the corresponding E-isomer, wherein the Z-isomer is isolated from the
3		reaction mass without any purification.
1	38.	(Original) Use of the Z-isomer of 7-ATCA according to claim 37 in preparation of
2		cefditoren or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.